

Haworth (1918)

Rotenone Reregistration

EPA Administrative Number 6704-Q

Toxicology Data

(Guideline No. 84-2)

April 24, 1987

VOLUME 3 SALMONELLA/MAMMALIAN-MICROSOME PLATE
INCORPORATION MUTAGENESIS ASSAY (ROTENONE)

(Guideline No. 84-2)

Study Title

Salmonella/Mammalian-Microsome Plate Incorporation Mutagenesis
Assay (Rotenone)

Data Requirement

Guideline No. 84-2

Authors

Study Director: Steve R. Haworth, Ph.D.

Study Completed On

November 3, 1978

Performing Laboratory

EG&G Mason Research Institute
1530 East Jefferson Street
Rockville, Maryland 20852

Laboratory Project ID

Study #019-563-165-1

STATEMENT OF NO DATA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAIMS

No claim of confidentiality is made for any information contained in this study on the basis of its falling within the scope of FIFRA §10(d)(1)(A), (B), or (C).

Agency U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Agency Agent: Fred P. Meyer Date: April 28, 1987

Director
National Fisheries Research Center
La Crosse, Wisconsin

Fred P. Meyer
Signature

GOOD LABORATORY PRACTICE STATEMENT

This study meets the requirements for 40 CFR Part 160

Submitter U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Sponsor U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Study Director Steve R. Haworth

 **EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

1530 EAST JEFFERSON STREET, ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20852

Tel. (301) 770-4400

SALMONELLA/MAMMALIAN-MICROSOME PLATE

INCORPORATION MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

STUDY #019-563-165-1

Notebook #MRI-WL-21 Page 236, 240, 242, 248
Archived at EG&G Mason Research Institute, 1530
East Jefferson Street, Rockville, Maryland 20852

Sponsor: U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Box 818
La Crosse, Wisconsin 54601

Test Article I.D.: Retenone Crystalline Code #864200

Test Article Lot No.: 735-RAP-1502

Compound Description: White Crystalline Solid

Storage Conditions: Room Temperature in Carcinogen Room
under Desiccation

Date Received: 11/3/78

Study Coordinator: John L. Allen
U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Study Director: Steve R. Haworth, Ph.D.
EG&G Mason Research Institute

Report Date: 6-29-79

Steve R. Haworth 6/29/79
Steve R. Haworth, Ph.D. Date
Study Director

Timothy E. Lawlor 6-29-79
Timothy E. Lawlor Date
Sr. Technician

Jeanne K. Smith 6/29/79
Jeanne Smith Date
Technician

Nancy Williams 6/29/79
Nancy Williams Date
Technician

Gerry Reichard 6/29/79
Gerry Reichard Date
Data Technician

Patrick V. Burke 6-29-79
Patrick Burke Date
Technician

John Cameron 6/29/79
John Cameron Date
Laboratory Assistant

Introduction

U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service Retenone Crystalline Code #864200, Lot #735-RAP-1502 (MRI #165) was received on November 3, 1978, for testing in the Salmonella/mammalian-microsome mutagenicity assay at six dose levels using five tester strains, TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537 and TA1538, both with and without metabolic activation by Aroclor induced rat liver microsomes. The test article was assayed twice with a minimum of two weeks elapsing between assays.

Materials and Methods

The experimental protocol (see Appendix) is a modification of that described by Ames, B. N., et al. Methods for detecting carcinogens and mutagens with the Salmonella/mammalian-microsome mutagenicity test. Mutation Research 31:347-364, 1975.

RESULTS

Preliminary Toxicity Determination
of Test Article

Table 1

019-563-165-1
Study Number

Lot # 735-RAP-1502
Code # 864200 Ret name Crysta
Test Article Identification

Test Compound Concentration µg/Plate	TA100 Viable Count/Plate	TA100 Spontaneous Revertants/Plate	TA100 Background Bacterial Lawn
50 µl DMSO	353	103	normal
100 µl DMSO	186	104	normal
2.0	355	106	normal
5.0	371	93	normal
15.0	373	102	normal
48.0	317	93	normal
153.0	243	95	normal w/precip
489.0	291	104	normal w/precip
1,563.0	* 339	* 81	normal w/precip
5,000.0	* 348	* 97	normal w/heavy precip
10,000.0/100 µl	* 246	* 85	normal w/heavy precip

Date Plated 5/1/79

* hand count due to precipitate

machine Counted By: J. Smith 5/1/79

Eight serial half-log dilutions of the test compound are plated with TA100 on minimal agar plus 10XSA and on minimal agar plus 1XSA. Equal numbers of cells are seeded on each plate in the presence of the test compound. The percent survival of an appropriately diluted TA100 culture on the 10XSA supplemented plates is determined by comparing numbers of colonies on the solvent control with those on the plates containing test compound. Toxicity on the 1XSA supplemented plates is detectable by a decrease in the number of revertant colonies occurring per plate and by a thinning or disappearance of the background bacterial lawn. The highest concentration of test compound used in the broad range mutagenesis assay is that which gives a detectable reduction of spontaneous revertants on the 1XSA supplemented plates.

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE
TABLE 2

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

		Retenone Crystalline							
		Study Number		Test Article Identification				Dose Range	
		<u>019-563-165-1</u>		<u>Lot # 735-RAP-1502 Code # 864200</u>				<u>30-10,000 µg</u>	
		Concentration							
		Solvent DM50 100 µl		<u>30</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>330</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>3,300</u>	<u>10,000</u>
Strain: <u>TA98</u>	Revertants per Plate	20	30	25	26	29	25	26	
Date Plated: <u>5-15-79</u>		25	25	38	19	29	24	20	
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.3</u> x10 ⁸		26	28	27	26	16	23	24	
Metabolic Activation: <u>Rat Liver</u>									
Hand Counted by: <u>P.J. Burke</u> <u>5-21-79</u>	Averaged Revertants	24	28	30	24	26	24	23	
Calculations by: <u>A. Reichert 5/22/79</u>	Standard Deviation	3	3	7	4	6	1	3	
Strain: <u>TA98</u>	Revertants per Plate	19	17	16	17	14	17	8	
Date Plated: <u>5-15-79</u>		18	18	17	12	17	19	10	
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.3</u> x10 ⁸		25	15	16	17	16	11	6	
Metabolic Activation: <u>None</u>									
Hand Counted by: <u>P.J. Burke</u> <u>5-21-79</u>	Averaged Revertants	21	17	16	15	16	16	8	
Calculations by: <u>A. Reichert 5/22/79</u>	Standard Deviation	4	2	1	3	2	4	2	

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE
TABLE 3

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

		Concentration						
		Solvent DMSO 100 μ l	30	100	330	1000	3300	10,000
<u>019-563-11:5-1</u> Study Number		<u>Retenone Crystalline</u> Lot #735-RAP-1502 Code # 964,200						
		<u>30-10,000 μg</u> Dose Range						
Strain: <u>TA 100</u>	Revertants per Plate	126	141	122	155	131	114	133
Date Plated: <u>5-15-79</u>		108	133	114	110	97	132	127
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.5</u> $\times 10^8$		124	130	123	121	128	129	107
Metabolic Activation: <u>RAT LIVER</u> <u>5-21-79</u>	Averaged Revertants	119	131	120	135	119	125	122
<u>Hand</u> Counted by: <u>P.J. Burke</u>	Standard Deviation	10	9	5	23	19	10	14
Calculations by: <u>H. Reinhard 5/22/79</u>								
Strain: <u>TA 100</u>	Revertants per Plate	138	157	140	133	140	119	116
Date Plated: <u>5-15-79</u>		141	135	157	154	170	132	115
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.5</u> $\times 10^8$		171	128	162	158	147	138	114
Metabolic Activation: <u>NONE</u> <u>5-21-79</u>	Averaged Revertants	150	140	153	148	152	130	115
<u>Hand</u> Counted by: <u>P.J. Burke</u>	Standard Deviation	18	15	12	13	16	10	1
Calculations by: <u>H. Reinhard 5/22/79</u>								

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

TABLE 4

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

Study Number		Test Article Identification		Dose Range				
019-563-165-1		Retenone Crystalline Lot # 735-RAP-1502 Code # 864200		30-10,000 μg				
		Concentration						
		Solvent DMSO 100 μl	30	100	330	1,000	3,300	10,000
Strain: TA1535	Revertants per Plate	11	11	10	14	14	9	5
Date Plated: 5-15-79		16	7	12	12	10	7	7
No. of Cells Seeded: 1.1 $\times 10^8$		10	10	15	8	7	10	16
Metabolic Activation: Rat Liver 5-21-79	Averaged Revertants	12	9	12	11	10	9	9
Hand Counted by: P.J. Burke	Standard Deviation	3	2	3	3	4	2	6
Calculations by: H. Beckstead 5/22/79								
Strain: TA1535	Revertants per Plate	19	28	24	31	23	33	13
Date Plated: 5-15-79		35	24	32	24	24	21	13
No. of Cells Seeded: 1.1 $\times 10^8$		32	21	16	36	24	20	17
Metabolic Activation: None 5-21-79	Averaged Revertants	29	25	24	30	24	25	14
Hand Counted by: P.J. Burke	Standard Deviation	9	3	8	6	1	7	2
Calculations by: H. Beckstead 5/22/79								

-6-
Page 10 of 26

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

TABLE 5

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

Study Number		Test Article Identification		Dose Range						
				Concentration						
		Solvent DMSO 100 µl	30	100	330	1,000	3,300	10,000		
019-563-165-1		Retenone Crystalline Lot # 735-RAP-1502 Calc # 864200		30-10,000 µg						
Strain: TA1537		Revertants per Plate	6	9	8	9	10	7	6	
Date Plated: 5-15-79			8	7	10	13	6	9	4	
No. of Cells Seeded: 0.7 x10 ⁸			4	6	8	8	8	4	5	
Metabolic Activation: Rat Liver		Averaged Revertants								
5-21-79			6	7	9	10	8	7	5	
Hand Counted by: P.J. Burke			Standard Deviation	2	2	1	3	2	3	1
Calculations by: A. Reichard 5/22/79										
Strain: TA1537		Revertants per Plate	6	8	7	8	9	7	7	
Date Plated: 5-15-79			10	9	6	10	7	6	6	
No. of Cells Seeded: 0.7 x10 ⁸			8	7	10	10	7	8	2	
Metabolic Activation: None		Averaged Revertants								
5-21-79			8	8	8	9	8	7	5	
Hand Counted by: P.J. Burke			Standard Deviation	2	1	2	1	1	1	3
Calculations by: A. Reichard 5/22/79										

-7-
Page 11 of 26

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

TABLE 6

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

		Concentration							
		Solvent DMSO 100 μ l	30	100	330	1,000	3,300	10,000	
<u>019-563-165-1</u> Study Number		<u>Retene Crystalline</u> Lot # <u>735-RAP-1502</u> Code # <u>864200</u>		<u>30-10,000 μg</u> Dose Range					
Strain: <u>TA1538</u>	Revertants per Plate	17	23	23	23	27	24	11	
Date Plated: <u>5-15-79</u>		20	19	19	24	28	18	19	
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.4</u> $\times 10^8$		36	21	27	22	21	10	20	
Metabolic Activation: <u>Rat Liver</u> <u>5-21-79</u>	Averaged Revertants	24	21	23	23	25	17	17	
Hand Counted by: <u>P.J. Burke</u>	Standard Deviation	10	2	4	1	4	7	5	
Calculations by: <u>A. Reichard 5/22/79</u>									
Strain: <u>TA1538</u>	Revertants per Plate	19	13	16	16	16	6	16	
Date Plated: <u>5-15-79</u>		10	22	16	15	18	10	8	
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.4</u> $\times 10^8$		13	22	10	14	16	15	9	
Metabolic Activation: <u>None</u> <u>5-21-79</u>	Averaged Revertants	14	19	14	15	17	10	11	
Hand Counted by: <u>P.J. Burke</u>	Standard Deviation	5	5	3	1	1	5	4	
Calculations by: <u>A. Reichard 5/22/79</u>									

-8-

Page 12 of 26

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

Positive Controls

TABLE 7

019-563-165-1		Retenone Crystalline # 735-RAP-1522 Code # 864200 Lot # 735-RAP-1522							
Study Number		Test Article Identification							
Date	Strain	Chemical	Concentration per plate	Metabolic Activation	Revertants/Plate			Averaged Revertants per Plate	S.D.
5.15.79	TA98	2-Aminoanthracene	1.0 ug	Rat Liver	1345	1412	1682	1480	178
5.15.79	TA98	2-Nitrofluorene	10.0 ug	None	1033	1049	1117	1066	45
5.15.79	TA100	2-Aminoanthracene	1.0 ug	Rat Liver	2322	2952	2276	2517	378
5.15.79	TA100	1,3-Propane Sultone	0.04 ul	None	998	1140	1163	1100	89
5.15.79	TA1535	1,3-Propane Sultone	0.04 ul	None	1086	953	977	1005	71
5.15.79	TA1517	9-Aminoacridine	75 ug	None	811	733	621	722	96
5.15.79	TA1538	2-Nitrofluorene	10.0 ug	None	953	956	1209	1039	147

-9- Page 13 of 26

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

TABLE 8
SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

		Lt # 735-RNP-1502						
<u>019-563-165-1</u>		<u>Retene Crystalline</u> Lot # <u>804200</u>					<u>30.0 → 10,000.0 μg.</u>	
Study Number		Test Article Identification					Dose Range	
		Concentration						
		Solvent						
		100 μl. DMSO	30.0	100.0	330.0	1,000.0	3,300.0	10,000.0
Strain: <u>TA98</u>	Revertants	18	20	23	22	21	28	8
Date Plated: <u>6/5/79</u>	per							
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.2</u> x 10 ⁸	Plate	20	22	18	17	21	19	18
Metabolic Activation: <u>Rat Liver</u>		31	24	16	25	32	25	14
Hand Counted by: <u>S. Smith 6/11/79</u>	Averaged Revertants	23	22	22	21	25	23	13
Calculations by: <u>H. Reichard 6/12/79</u>	Standard Deviation	7	2	9	4	6	5	5
Strain: <u>TA98</u>	Revertants	22	12	17	18	26	20	19
Date Plated: <u>6/5/79</u>	per							
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.2</u> x 10 ⁸	Plate	20	8	24	21	22	13	14
Metabolic Activation: <u>None</u>		14	14	17	25	16	21	14
Hand Counted by: <u>S. Smith 6/11/79</u>	Averaged Revertants	19	11	19	21	21	18	16
Calculations by: <u>H. Reichard 6/12/79</u>	Standard Deviation	4	3	4	4	5	4	3

Page 14 of 26
-10-

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

TABLE 9

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

<u>019-563-165-1</u>		L# 735-RAP-1502		<u>30.0 → 10,000.0 -g.</u>				
Study Number		<u>Retene Crystalline</u> Code # <u>8642cc</u>		Dose Range				
		Concentration						
		Solvent 100 μ DMSO	<u>30.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>330.0</u>	<u>1,000.0</u>	<u>3,300.0</u>	<u>10,000.0</u>
Strain: <u>TA100</u>	Revertants per Plate	111	95	88	102	107	103	102
Date Plated: <u>6/15/79</u>		96	94	103	113	103	115	89
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.3</u> x10 ⁸		112	109	89	118	107	90	97
Metabolic Activation: <u>Rat Liver</u>	Averaged Revertants	106	99	93	111	106	103	83
<u>Hand</u> Counted by: <u>C. Smith 6/11/79</u>	Standard Deviation	9	8	8	8	2	13	18
Calculations by: <u>H. Reichard 6/12/79</u>								
Strain: <u>TA100</u>	Revertants per Plate	101	116	114	126	129	100	106
Date Plated: <u>6/15/79</u>		117	118	107	105	128	112	108
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.3</u> x10 ⁸		110	129	128	116	131	109	107
Metabolic Activation: <u>None</u>	Averaged Revertants	109	121	116	116	129	107	107
<u>Hand</u> Counted by: <u>C. Smith 6/11/79</u>	Standard Deviation	8	7	11	11	2	6	1
Calculations by: <u>H. Reichard 6/12/79</u>								

-11-

Page 15 of 26

EB&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

TABLE 10

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

		LT ^a 735-RAP-1502						
<u>019-563-165-1</u>		<u>Retene Crystalline C₁₂ # 864200</u>					<u>30.0 → 10,000.0 μg.</u>	
Study Number		Test Article Identification					Dose Range	
		Concentration						
		Solvent cont DMSO	30.0	100.0	370.0	1,000.0	3,300.0	10,000.0
Strain: <u>TA1535</u> Date Plated: <u>6/5/79</u> No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.7</u> x10 ⁸ Metabolic Activation: <u>Rat Liver</u>	Revertants per Plate	11	14	9	12	5	9	8
		6	11	4	16	11	11	4
		15	9	20	10	10	5	10
<u>Head</u> Counted by: <u>D. Smith 6/11/79</u> Calculations by: <u>H. Reichard 6/12/79</u>	Averaged Revertants	11	11	11	13	9	8	7
	Standard Deviation	5	3	8	3	3	3	3
Strain: <u>TA1535</u> Date Plated: <u>6/5/79</u> No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.7</u> x10 ⁸ Metabolic Activation: <u>None</u>	Revertants per Plate	27	21	25	21	13	21	12
		23	20	11	18	27	22	17
		20	19	18	21	19	20	9
<u>Head</u> Counted by: <u>D. Smith 6/11/79</u> Calculations by: <u>H. Reichard 6/12/79</u>	Averaged Revertants	23	20	18	20	21	21	13
	Standard Deviation	4	1	7	2	5	1	4

-12-

Page 16 of 26

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

TABLE 11

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

		Concentration						
		Solvent 100 μ l DMSO	30.0	100.0	330.0	1,000.0	3,300.0	10,000.0
<u>019-563-165-1</u> Study Number		<u>Petroleum Crystalline Cndz # 8642cc</u> Test Article Identification		<u>Lot # 735-RNR 1502</u> Dose Range				
Strain: <u>TA1537</u>	Revertants	6	10	7	6	8	5	4
Date Plated: <u>1.15.79</u>	per							
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.5</u> x10 ⁸	Plate	10	9	7	7	7	5	6
Metabolic Activation: <u>Rat Liver</u>		8	6	4	5	4	12	3
<u>Hand</u> Counted by: <u>Chantel 1.11.79</u>	Averaged	8	8	6	6	6	7	4
Calculations by: <u>H. Richard 6/12/79</u>	Standard	2	2	2	1	2	4	2
	Deviation							
Strain: <u>TA1537</u>	Revertants	2	4	6	7	7	5	2
Date Plated: <u>1.15.79</u>	per							
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.5</u> x10 ⁸	Plate	7	8	6	8	3	5	6
Metabolic Activation: <u>None</u>		8	4	6	5	9	5	9
<u>Hand</u> Counted by: <u>Chantel 1.11.79</u>	Averaged	6	5	6	7	6	5	6
Calculations by: <u>H. Richard 6/12/79</u>	Standard	3	2	0	2	3	0	4
	Deviation							

-13-
Page 17 of 26

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

Positive Controls

TABLE 12

Study Number		Test Article Identification							
019-563-165-1		Lot # 735-RAP-1502 Code # S6Y200 <u>RETENONE CRYSTALLINE</u>							
Date	Strain	Chemical	Concentration per plate	Metabolic Activation	Revertants/plate			Averaged Revertants per Plate	S.D.
6.5.79	TA98	2-Aminoanthracene	1.0 ug	Rat Liver	1574	1387	1565	1509	105
6.5.79	TA98	2-Nitrofluorene	10.0 ug	None	1163	1375	1515	1351	177
6.5.79	TA100	2-Aminoanthracene	1.0 ug	Rat Liver	1307	1115	1479	1300	182
6.5.79	TA100	1,3-Propane Sultone	0.04 ul	None	1174	1354	1163	1247	120
6.5.79	TA1535	1,3-Propane Sultone	0.04 ul	None	1370	1437	1239	1349	101
6.5.79	TA1537	9-Aminoacridine	75 ug	None	1246	1754	1630	1543	265
6.5.79	TA1538	2-Nitrofluorene	10.0 ug	None					

Page 18 of 26
-14-

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE
 TABLE 13
 SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

		Concentration						
		Solvent 100 μ l. DMSO	30.0	100.0	370.0	1000.0	3300.0	10,000.0
Lot # 735- RRP- 1502 <u>019-563-165-1</u> Study Number <u>Retene Crystalline</u> Test Article Identification Cat # 864200 <u>30.0</u> \rightarrow <u>10,000.0</u> μ g. Dose Range								
Strain: <u>TP1535</u>	Revertants per Plate	21	22	21	22	16	26	20
Date Plated: <u>6/19/79</u>		25	17	27	28	25	29	18
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.1</u> $\times 10^8$		21	23	32	26	20	26	9
Metabolic Activation: <u>Rat Liver</u>	Averaged Revertants	22	21	27	25	20	27	16
Hand Counted by: <u>J. Conner 6/26/79</u>	Standard Deviation	2	3	6	3	5	2	6
Calculations by: <u>J. Conner 6/26/79</u>								
Strain: <u>TP1535</u>	Revertants per Plate	18	16	17	19	20	17	14
Date Plated: <u>6/19/79</u>		13	15	8	15	14	14	17
No. of Cells Seeded: <u>1.1</u> $\times 10^8$		15	15	13	16	15	20	13
Metabolic Activation: <u>None</u>	Averaged Revertants	15	15	13	17	16	17	15
Hand Counted by: <u>J. Conner 6/26/79</u>	Standard Deviation	3	1	5	2	3	3	2
Calculations by: <u>J. Conner 6/26/79</u>								

Page 19 of 26
-15-

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

SALMONELLA MUTAGENESIS ASSAY

Positive Controls

TABLE 14

019-563-165-1		Lt # 735-RAP-1502							
Study Number		Retene Crystalline Code # 864200							
Date	Strain	Chemical	Concentration per plate	Metabolic Activation	Revertants/plate			Averaged Revertants per Plate	S.D.
	TA98	2-Aminoanthracene	1.0 ug	Rat Liver					
	TA98	2-Nitrofluorene	10.0 ug	None					
6/19/79	TA100	2-Aminoanthracene	1.0 ug	Rat Liver	3678	3800	3900	3793	111
	TA100	1,3-Propane Sulfone	0.04 ul	None					
	TA1535	1,3-Propane Sulfone	0.04 ul	None					
	TA1537	9-Aminoacridine	75 ug	None					
6/19/79	TA1538	2-Nitrofluorene	10.0 ug	None	995	875	923	931	60

Page 20 of 26
-16-

Machine Counted by: *[Signature]* 6/21/79
calculations by: *[Signature]* 6/21/79

Conclusions

The results of the Salmonella/mammalian-microsome plate incorporation mutagenicity assays indicate that FWS test article Retenone Crystalline Code #864200 (MRI #165) did not cause a significant increase in the number of revertants per plate of any of the tester strains neither with nor without metabolic activation by Aroclor 1254 induced rat liver microsomes.

In the experiment of 6/5/79, the TA1538 culture was grossly contaminated. The strain was retested on 6/19/79.

APPENDIX

EG&G MASON RESEARCH INSTITUTE
Protocol for Salmonella/Mammalian Microsome
Plate Incorporation Mutagenesis Assay

Media

Top agar is initially prepared with 8 g/liter Difco Bacto Agar and 5 g/liter NaCl. After autoclaving, the molten agar is distributed in 100 ml aliquots into sterile bottles where it is stored at room temperature. Immediately before its use in the mutagenesis assay, the top agar is melted and supplemented with 10 ml/100 ml agar of a sterile solution containing 0.5mM L-histidine and 0.5mM biotin (1XSA). Twenty-five ml of sterile deionized water is added per 100 ml top agar when it is used in assays without metabolic activation. This insures that final top agar and amino acid supplement concentrations are the same on plates with or without metabolic activation.

10XSA supplement contains 5.0mM L-histidine and 0.5mM biotin.

Bottom agar is the Vogel-Bonner minimal medium E described by Ames.

Nutrient broth used for growing overnight cultures of the tester strains contains 25g per liter of Nutrient Broth No. 2 (Oxoid).

Storage and Preparation of Tester Strains

All tester strains are stored in liquid nitrogen, and fresh cultures are inoculated directly from these frozen stocks. Broth cultures are grown overnight at 37°C with shaking. If necessary, the cultures are then centrifuged and resuspended in their culture medium to give an appropriate final cell concentration. Each culture is routinely checked for crystal violet sensitivity and ampicillin resistance before use in the mutagenesis assay.

Toxicity Determination of Test Articles

Each test article is checked for toxicity to the tester strains up to a concentration of 10 mg/plate for solids and up to 10 µl/plate in the case of liquids. Eight serial half-log dilutions of the test article are plated with TA100 on minimal agar plus 10XSA and on minimal agar plus 1XSA. Equal numbers of cells are seeded on each plate in the presence of the test article. The percent survival of an appropriately diluted TA100 culture on the 10XSA supplemented plates is determined by comparing numbers of colonies on the solvent control with those on the plates containing test article. Toxicity on the 1XSA supplemented plates is detectable by a decrease in the number of revertant colonies occurring per plate and by a thinning or disappearance of the background bacterial lawn. The highest concentration of test article used in the broad range mutagenesis assay is that which gives a detectable reduction of spontaneous revertants on the 1XSA supplemented plates. The results of the preliminary toxicity study are recorded on Form No. WL-107.

Plating Procedures for Mutagenesis Plate Incorporation Assay

Routinely, the test article is prepared immediately before its use in the mutagenesis assay. Six doses of the test article are first plated with all five tester strains (TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537, TA1538) with metabolic activation, after which they are immediately plated on all tester strains without metabolic activation. All positive controls, solvent controls, and test article dilutions are plated in triplicate. Without metabolic activation, 50 µl of tester strain and 50 µl of solvent or test article are added to 2.5 ml of molten top agar at 45°C. With metabolic activation, 50 µl of tester strain, 50 µl of solvent or test article, and 0.5 ml of S-9 mix are added to 2.0 of molten top agar at 45°C. To achieve the desired maximum concentration per plate of the test article it is sometimes necessary to plate 200 µl or 100 µl aliquots

instead of the usual 50 μ l aliquots. Appropriate solvent controls are included in these instances. After vortexing, the mixture is poured onto the surface of 25 ml of bottom agar contained in a 15x100 mm plastic petri dish.

Positive Controls

Positive controls are run with each tester strain. All combinations of positive controls and tester strains are listed on Form No. WL-106.

Tester Strain Titters

Tester strain titters are determined by viable count assays on 10XSA supplemented minimal agar plates. The number of cells plated per plate is reported on Form No. WL-105.

Preparation and Storage of Liver Microsomal Enzymes

Liver microsomal enzymes are routinely prepared from male Sprague-Dawley rats that have been injected with Aroclor 1254 at 500 mg/kg. The Aroclor is diluted in corn oil to a concentration of 200 mg/ml. Five days after their i.p. injection with the Aroclor, the rats are sacrificed by decapitation, and their livers are excised. The rats are denied access to food for 12 hours immediately preceding sacrifice.

The preparation of the microsomal enzyme fraction is carried out with sterile glassware and solutions at 0-4°C. The liver from each rat is excised and placed in 20 ml of 0.15M KCl contained in a pre-weighed beaker. After weighing the liver, it is transferred to another beaker containing 3 volumes of 0.15M KCl (3ml/g of wet liver) where it is minced with sterile scissors. The minced liver is homogenized in a Potter-Elvehjen apparatus with a teflon pestle. The homogenate is centrifuged at 9000 x g for 10 minutes in the SS-34 rotor of a Sorvall SS-3 centrifuge. The supernatant (referred to by Ames as the S-9 fraction) is decanted, and small aliquots are distributed into freezing ampules which are stored in liquid nitrogen.

One ml of the microsomal enzyme reaction mixture (S-9 mix) which is added to the soft agar overlay contains the following components:

S-9	0.05 ml
0.4M MgCl ₂	0.02 ml
1.65M KCl	0.02 ml
0.04M NADP	0.10 ml
0.05M Glucose-6-phosphate	0.10 ml
1.00M NaH ₂ PO ₄ , pH 7.4	0.10 ml
H ₂ O	<u>0.61 ml</u>
	1.00 ml

Evaluation of Mutagenesis Assay Data

For a test article to be considered positive, it must cause at least a doubling in the observed revertants per plate of at least one tester strain. This increase in revertants per plate must be accompanied by a dose response to increasing concentrations of the test article.